

Medical Device Reporting Variance E2020002
for
Essure (P020014)

Quarterly MDR Analysis Report
Medical Device Reports



Report Number: 3
Period: 01-DEC-2020 to 28-FEB-2021
Report Date: 30-MAR-2021
Version 1.0



Introduction

This quarterly report contains information related to medical device reports (MDRs) derived from social media received in litigation. MDRs have many notable limitations, and they cannot be used alone to establish or compare rates of event occurrence. Based on the limited information in the event descriptions for the reports and the nature of the information, it is difficult to identify duplicate reports within this report, as well as duplicate reports previously submitted to the FDA. The limited information prevents the ability to draw any conclusions as to whether the device, or its removal, caused or contributed to any of the events described in this report.



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Background and Scope

On 24-APR-2020 the Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved Bayer's request for variance, E2020002, under 21 CFR 803.19(b) from certain medical device reporting requirements prescribed in 21 CFR Part 803 for the Essure System ("Essure"), approved under Premarket Approval (PMA) Application P020014, on November 4, 2002.

This variance is limited to MDR-reports for Essure that Bayer becomes aware of from information received November 2016 through November 2020 in connection with litigation regarding Essure and that is derived from the following two sources:

- a. publicly available social media information regarding certain Essure plaintiffs identified by Bayer's outside legal counsel; and
- b. social media documents produced by plaintiffs' lawyers to Bayer's outside legal counsel.

The conditions of the variance include submission of this quarterly MDR analysis report after the close of a three-month period. The scope of this quarterly analysis report is MDR-reportable events submitted to the FDA as part of the variance for reports processed within the respective three-month period. This analysis will capture all of the requirements outlined in the FDA variance letter dated April 24, 2020.

Although MDRs are a valuable source of information, this passive surveillance system has limitations, including the potential submission of incomplete, inaccurate, untimely, unverified, or biased data. In addition, the incidence or prevalence of an event cannot be determined from this reporting system alone due to under-reporting of events, inaccuracies in reports, lack of verification that the device caused the reported event, and lack of information about frequency of device use. Because of this, MDRs comprise only one of the FDA's several important post-market surveillance data sources.

- MDR data alone cannot be used to establish rates of events, evaluate a change in event rates over time or compare event rates between devices. The number of reports cannot be interpreted or used in isolation to reach conclusions about the existence, severity, or frequency of problems associated with devices.
- Confirming whether a device actually caused a specific event can be difficult based solely on information provided in a given report. Establishing a cause-and-effect relationship is especially difficult if circumstances surrounding the event have not been verified or if the device in question has not been directly evaluated.
- MAUDE data does not represent all known safety information for a reported medical device and should be interpreted in the context of other available information when making device-related or treatment decisions.
- Submission of a medical device report and the FDA's release of that information is not necessarily an admission that a product, user facility, importer, distributor, manufacturer, or medical personnel caused or contributed to the event.¹

¹ <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfmaude/search.cfm#fn1>



Analysis

Data Source

Data sourced for the provision of this quarterly MDR analysis report includes the reported line-item tabular data spreadsheets² for the respective periods 01-JUN-2020 to 31-AUG-2020 (Report 1), 01-SEP-2020 to 30-NOV-2020 (Report 2) and 01-DEC-2020 to 28-FEB-2021 (Report 3) submitted as part of the Medical Device Reporting Variance Request for Essure (E2020002).

Reports processed and submitted by Bayer as part of this variance do not necessarily represent unique reports, but rather events identified in comment threads from social media posts, sometimes by the same individual. The time period in which the reports were processed also do not represent the time period in which the events occurred. Based on the limited information in the event descriptions for the reports and the nature of the information, it is difficult to identify duplicate reports within the spreadsheet of events, as well as duplicate reports previously submitted to the FDA. The limited information prevents the ability to draw any conclusions as to whether the device, or its removal, caused or contributed to any of the reported deaths or other events in the reports.³

In order to contextualize the received reports, data from the variance MDRs submitted between 01-DEC-2020 to 28-FEB-2021 will be compared with:

1. Variance MDRs from the first Quarterly MDR Analysis Report⁴ submitted by Bayer covering the time period between 01-JUN-2020 to 31-AUG-2020. These reports will be classified as 'Report 1 Variance'.
2. Variance MDRs from the second Quarterly MDR Analysis Report submitted by Bayer covering the time period between 01-SEP-2020 and 30-NOV-2020. These reports will be classified as 'Report 2 Variance'.
3. MDRs initially reported to the FDA by the company during the cumulative timeframe of the variance. These reports, which will be classified as 'non-variance other sources', include all Essure MDRs originating from different sources (e.g. spontaneous reports, medical literature) and submitted to the FDA as initial MDRs (outside of the variance) during cumulative timeframe of the variance (between 01-JUN-2020 and 28-FEB-2021).

² Spreadsheets: <https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/essure-permanent-birth-control/problems-reported-essure#reports>

³ <https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/essure-permanent-birth-control/problems-reported-essure>

⁴ Report 1 and Report 2: <https://www.bayer.com/en/us/essure-information>



Comprehensive analysis

A comprehensive analysis of reports submitted to the FDA for the respective period has been performed and is provided below.

Total number of events by report type and patient or device problem code

Figure 1. Total number of variance MDRs by month submitted (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)

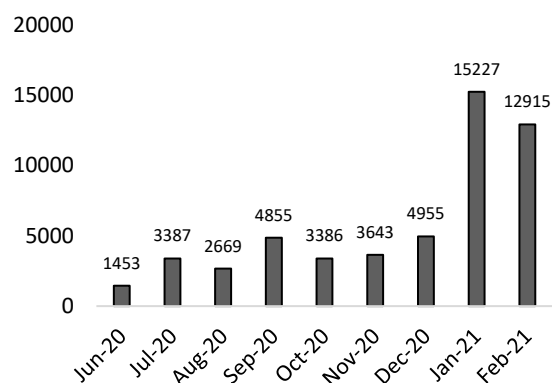


Figure 2. Total number of serious injury variance MDRs by month submitted (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)

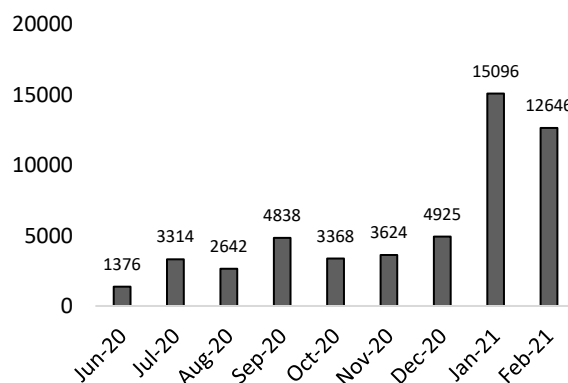


Figure 3. Total number of malfunction variance MDRs by month submitted (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)

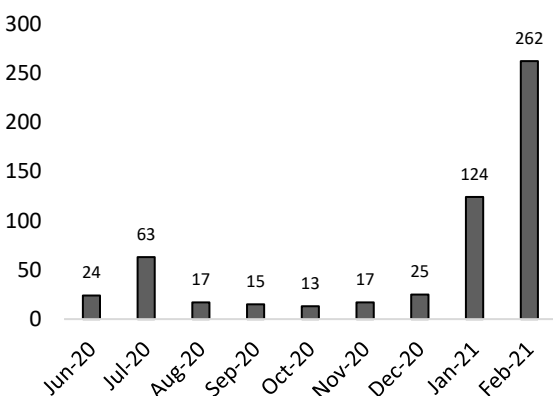
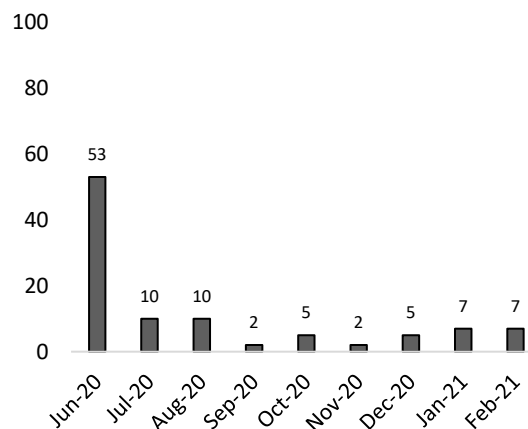


Figure 4. Total number of death variance MDRs by month submitted (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)



For variance reports submitted, the time in which reports were processed does not necessarily represent the time in which the events reportedly occurred or when the patient made the information publicly available. Variance MDRs processed during the months of JAN-2021 and FEB-2021, on average, have fewer source documents per report compared to previous months. Therefore, the reduction in processing time per report contributed to an increase in MDR volume for the respective months.



Table 1. Variance MDRs by posting year and type of reportable event (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021) ⁵

Year of Posting	Serious Injury	Malfunction	Death	Total
≤ 2010	3540	22	0	3562
2011	368	2	0	370
2012	567	16	0	583
2013	1772	33	16	1821
2014	5134	64	6	5204
2015	11379	82	23	11484
2016	4505	21	4	4530
2017	1393	9	1	1403
2018	863	4	0	867
≥ 2019	470	4	1	475
Total	29991	257	51	30299

Year of posting is intended to refer to the date in which the information appeared on social media. Due to the unreliable nature of social media information and the process by which the date of posting was determined, there may exist dates which are not precise. Table 1 reflects this known limitation. The majority of the information from social media was posted between 04-JAN-2011 and 24-JUL-2020. Information about date of posting does not impact the known or labeled risks for the Essure device.

Table 2. Variance MDRs by event year and type of reportable event (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021) ⁵

Year of Event	Serious Injury	Malfunction	Death	Total
≤ 2010	728	19	0	747
2011	256	10	0	266
2012	322	6	1	329
2013	470	12	0	482
2014	495	12	0	507
2015	532	7	0	539
2016	244	3	0	247
2017	85	2	0	87
2018	29	0	0	29
≥ 2019	9	0	0	9
Total	3170	71	1	3242

Year of event is intended to refer to the date in which the event described by the information happened according to the report. Given the unreliable nature of social media information and the challenges of determining the accuracy of any reported event date, there may exist dates which are not precise. Table 2 reflects this known limitation. The majority of the reported event dates in the information from social media were between 01-JAN-2011 and 09-OCT-2019. Information about date of event does not impact the known or labeled risks for the Essure device.

⁵ The table reflects information for variance MDRs only when it was made available to Bayer.



Table 3. Patient problem codes⁶ for variance MDRs (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)

Patient Problem Code	Report 1	Report 2	Report 3	Total
3191: No Code Available	3218	3792	11047	18057
1994: Pain	1354	4321	10349	16024
2121: Uterine Perforation	919	1012	3748	5679
2687: Foreign Body In Patient	638	1037	3609	5284
3165: Device Fragments In Patient	455	658	2293	3406
3193: Pregnancy	425	787	1989	3201
2666: Heavier Menses	142	462	1127	1731
1685: Pain, Abdominal	119	269	806	1194
1888: Hemorrhage	124	337	721	1182
1962: Miscarriage	74	146	706	926
All other Patient Problem Codes	1090	1155	2124	4369

Table 4. Patient problem codes for serious injury variance MDRs (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)

Patient Problem Code	Report 1	Report 2	Report 3	Total
3191: No Code Available	3218	3792	11047	18057
1994: Pain	1354	4321	10347	16022
2121: Uterine Perforation	907	1007	3721	5635
2687: Foreign Body In Patient	626	1027	3565	5218
3193: Pregnancy	417	783	1976	3176
3165: Device Fragments In Patient	360	614	1887	2861
2666: Heavier Menses	142	462	1127	1731
1685: Pain, Abdominal	119	269	806	1194
1888: Hemorrhage	122	337	719	1178
1962: Miscarriage	74	146	706	926
All other Patient Problem Codes	998	1137	2088	4223

Table 5. Patient problem codes for malfunction variance MDRs (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)

Patient Problem Code	Report 1	Report 2	Report 3	Total
3165: Device Fragments In Patient	95	44	406	545
2687: Foreign Body In Patient	12	9	44	65
2121: Uterine Perforation	11	4	27	42
3193: Pregnancy	4	4	13	21
1994: Pain	0	0	1	1
1907: Hypersensitivity	0	0	1	1
2668: Bowel Perforation	2	0	1	3
1819: Pregnancy, Ectopic	0	0	1	1
2000: Pelvic Inflammatory Disease	0	0	1	1
1946: Laceration(s)	0	1	0	1
All other Patient Problem Codes	3	1	0	4

⁶ It is possible for more than one Patient Problem Code to be selected per report. Therefore, the sum of the Patient Problem Codes is not expected to equal the total number of MDRs submitted during the period reviewed.



Table 6. Patient problem codes for death variance MDRs (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)

Patient Problem Code	Report 1	Report 2	Report 3	Total
1802: Death	72	9	19	100
2465: Labor, Premature	3	5	8	16
1888: Hemorrhage	2	0	2	4
2668: Bowel Perforation	0	0	1	1
1829: Embolism	0	0	1	1
2068: Shock, Septic	1	0	1	2
1971: Necrosis	3	0	1	4
1994: Pain	0	0	1	1
1889: Hemorrhage, Cerebral	0	0	1	1
3193: Pregnancy	4	0	0	4
All other Patient Problem Codes	9	4	0	13

Table 7. Device problem codes for variance MDRs (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)

Device Problem Code	Report 1	Report 2	Report 3	Total
2993: No Known Device Problem	7061	11228	31012	49301
1069: Break	447	656	2085	3188
4003: Migration	1	0	0	1

Review of the figures and tables above provides a synopsis of the information provided in the H10 section of the 7th, 8th, and 9th variance submissions^{7 8 9} as well as the variance submissions associated with Report 1 (01-JUN-2020 to 31-AUG-2020) and Report 2 (01-SEP-2020 to 30-NOV-2020). Although limited, based on the information provided, reports are consistent with the known and labeled safety, quality and performance of the Essure device. No additional conclusions can be drawn as to whether the device, or its removal, caused or contributed to any of the reported deaths or other events in the reports.

Averages of patient demographics

Review of variance MDRs processed by Bayer over the variance time period of 01-JUN-2020 and 28-FEB-2021 indicates that the following measures related to patient age and weight.

Table 8. Table of patient demographics for age and weight (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)

Measure	Age (years)			Weight (lbs.)		
	Report 1	Report 2	Report 3	Report 1	Report 2	Report 3
Sample size (n)*	913	2790	7532	8	28	5
Minimum	20	18	18	101	88	132
Median	34	34	36	165	167	139
Average	34	35	36	166	164	150
Maximum	58	60	59	229	238	185

* Excludes child / fetal reports (only ≥ 18y)

Based on the information reviewed, no further investigation into patient age as it relates to variance MDRs is required.

⁷ Submission 7: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfMAUDE/detail.cfm?mdrfoi_id=11343533&pc=HHS

⁸ Submission 8: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfMAUDE/detail.cfm?mdrfoi_id=11574801&pc=HHS

⁹ Submission 9: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfMAUDE/detail.cfm?mdrfoi_id=11675301&pc=HHS



Report Source

The reports processed by Bayer as part of the variance periods 01-JUN-2020 to 31-AUG-2020 (Report 1), 01-SEP-2020 to 30-NOV-2020 (Report 2) and 01-DEC-2020 to 28-FEB-2021 (Report 3) are from the two sources of social media information in connection with Essure litigation as described in the variance letter. As the variance letter outlines, the two sources are:

- Publicly available social media information regarding certain Essure plaintiffs identified by Bayer’s outside legal counsel and;
- Social media documents produced by the plaintiffs’ lawyers to Bayer’s outside legal counsel.

Entities Submitting Reports

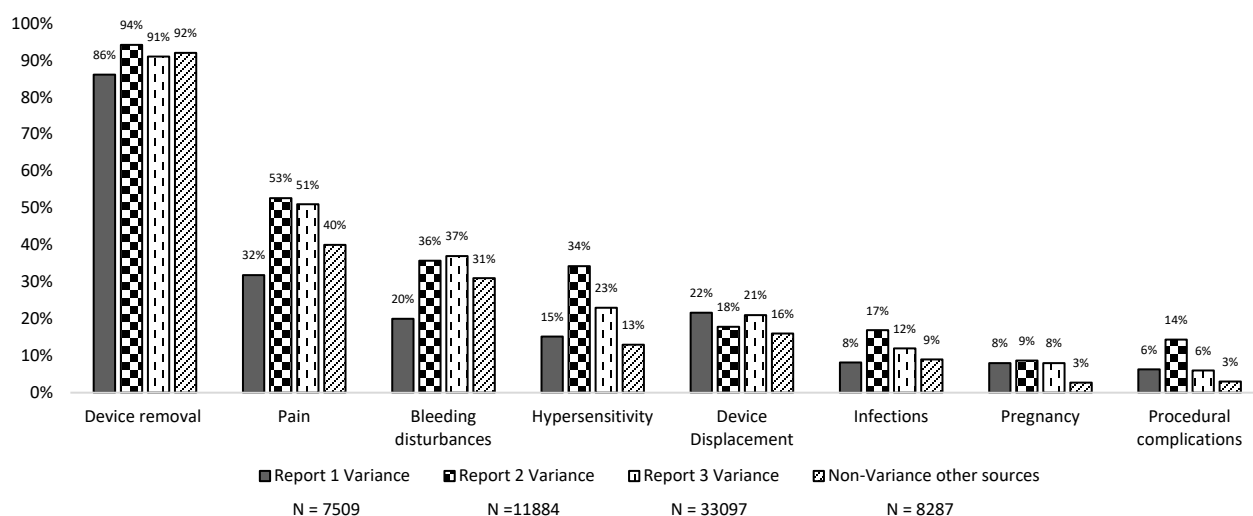
All variance MDRs for the respective periods 01-JUN-2020 to 31-AUG-2020 (Report 1), 01-SEP-2020 to 30-NOV-2020 (Report 2) and 01-DEC-2020 to 28-FEB-2021 (Report 3) have been submitted to the FDA by Bayer Pharma AG.

Devices Involved

All reports processed by Bayer as part of the variance for the respective periods 01-JUN-2020 to 31-AUG-2020 (Report 1), 01-SEP-2020 to 30-NOV-2020 (Report 2) and 01-DEC-2020 to 28-FEB-2021 (Report 3) are related to the Essure System, model numbers ESS205 and ESS305.

Synopsis of the nature of reports for the period

Figure 5. Distribution of initial MDR submissions by event grouping¹⁰ (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)



The representative event groupings for Essure variance MDRs seem to be consistent with the non-variance other source reports processed during the same period. Information received as

¹⁰ It is possible for more than one event grouping to be selected per report. Therefore, the sum of the event groupings is not expected to equal the total number (%) of MDRs submitted during the period reviewed.



part of litigation accounts for 100% of variance reports and approximately 92% of non-variance other source reports. Device removal is the most frequently reported event in Report 1 Variance, Report 2 Variance, Report 3 Variance, and non-variance other source reports with 86%, 94%, 91% and 92% respectively. Pain is the second most frequent in both variance and non-variance other source reports with 32% for Report 1 Variance, 53% for Report 2 Variance, 51% for Report 3 Variance, and 40% for non-variance other source reports.

Bleeding disturbances comes in third for Report 3 Variance and non-variance sources with 37% and 31% respectively.

Analysis of Additional Information

The following additional pieces of information were requested by FDA and prescribed within the variance letter.¹¹

1. The variance MDRs processed by Bayer in the respective periods 01-JUN-2020 to 31-AUG-2020 (Report 1), 01-SEP-2020 to 30-NOV-2020 (Report 2) and 01-DEC-2020 to 28-FEB-2021 (Report 3) have all been reported via the two sources of social media information in connection with Essure litigation as described in the variance letter.
2. The variance MDRs processed by Bayer for the respective periods 01-JUN-2020 to 31-AUG-2020 (Report 1), 01-SEP-2020 to 30-NOV-2020 (Report 2) and 01-DEC-2020 to 28-FEB-2021 (Report 3) are consistent with expected outcomes.
3. Considering that variance MDRs processed by Bayer for the respective periods 01-JUN-2020 to 31-AUG-2020 (Report 1), 01-SEP-2020 to 30-NOV-2020 (Report 2) and 01-DEC-2020 to 28-FEB-2021 (Report 3) are consistent with expected outcomes, there have been no investigations opened related to these reports.
4. No corrective actions have been opened, are in-process, or implemented as a result of Variance MDRs processed by Bayer for the periods 01-JUN-2020 to 31-AUG-2020 (Report 1), 01-SEP-2020 to 30-NOV-2020 (Report 2) and 01-DEC-2020 to 28-FEB-2021 (Report 3) as there were no events reported which indicate a new technical failure mode for the device.

No additional actions were required to address the reports summarized in this analysis.

¹¹ Variance Letter: <https://www.fda.gov/media/137316/download>



Number of returned devices

An evaluation on device returns was requested as part of the variance letter. An evaluation of device returns related to variance MDRs processed for the respective periods 01-JUN-2020 to 31-AUG-2020 (Report 1), 01-SEP-2020 to 30-NOV-2020 (Report 2) and 01-DEC-2020 to 28-FEB-2021 (Report 3) indicates that there have been no devices returned to Bayer. Hence, as mentioned previously, no corrective actions have been opened or are in-process as a result of any variance MDRs processed in the same time period.

Presentation of report trends

An analysis of report trends in a comparative graphical display has been performed and is provided below. As stated previously, in order to contextualize the received reports, data from the variance MDRs submitted between 01-DEC-2020 to 28-FEB-2021 will be compared with:

1. Variance MDRs from the first Quarterly MDR Analysis Report submitted by Bayer covering the time period between 01-JUN-2020 and 31-AUG-2020. These reports will be classified as 'Report 1 Variance'.
2. Variance MDRs from the second Quarterly MDR Analysis Report submitted by Bayer covering the time period between 01-SEP-2020 and 30-NOV-2020. These reports will be classified as 'Report 2 Variance'.
3. MDRs initially reported to the FDA by the company during the cumulative timeframe of the variance. These reports, which will be classified as 'non-variance other sources', include all Essure MDRs originating from different sources (e.g. spontaneous reports, medical literature) and submitted to the FDA as initial MDRs (outside of the variance) during cumulative timeframe of the variance (between 01-JUN-2020 and 28-FEB-2021).

Figure 6. Total number of variance MDRs vs. MDRs from non-variance other sources (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)

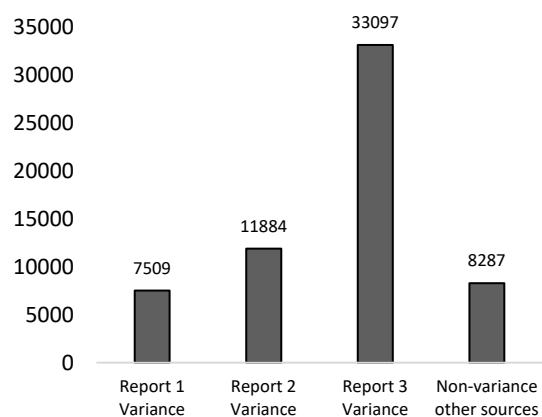


Figure 7. Variance MDRs vs. MDRs from non-variance other sources for serious injuries (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)

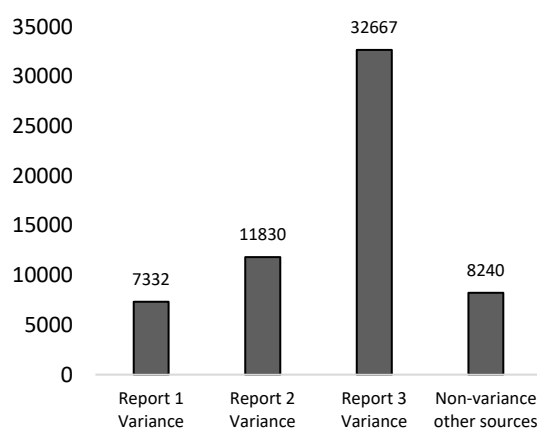




Figure 8. Variance MDRs vs. MDRs from non-
variance other sources for malfunctions (Jun-
2020 to Feb-2021)

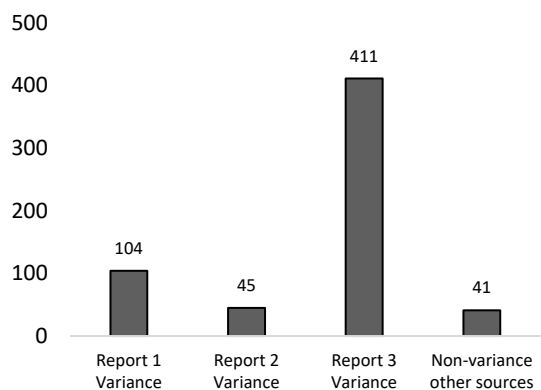


Figure 9. Variance MDRs vs.
MDRs from non-variance other sources for
deaths (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)

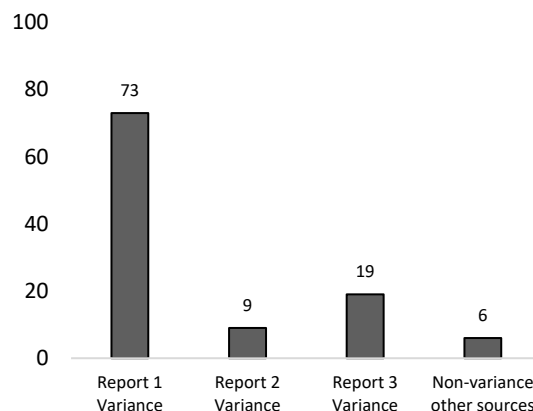


Figure 10. Top 10 patient problem codes¹² for variance MDRs vs. MDRs from non-
variance other sources (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)

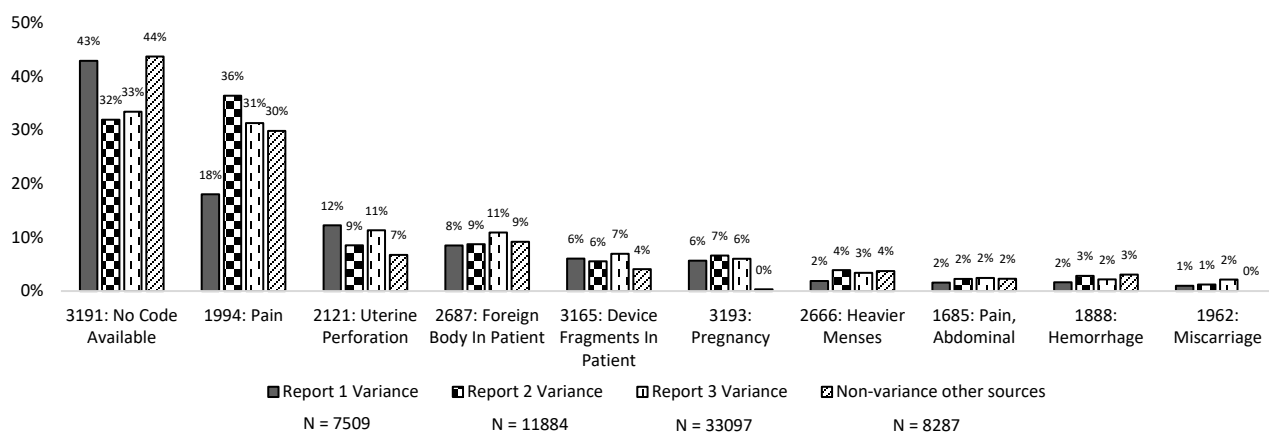
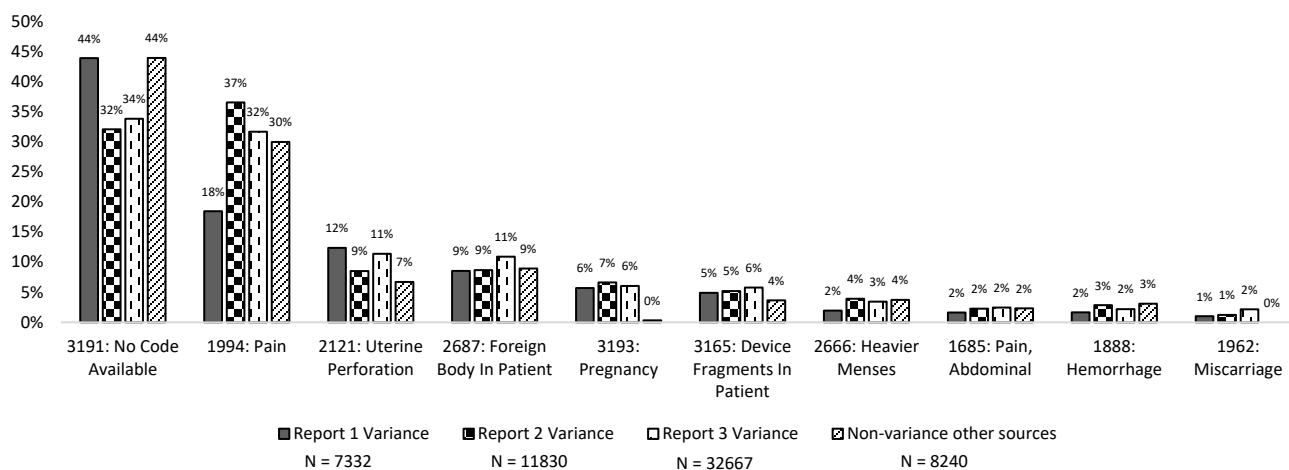


Figure 11. Top 10 patient problem codes for serious injury variance MDRs vs. MDRs from non-
variance other sources (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)



¹² It is possible for more than one Patient Problem Code to be selected per report. Therefore, the sum of the Patient Problem Codes is not expected to equal the total number of MDRs submitted during the period reviewed.



Figure 12. Top 10 patient problem codes for malfunction variance MDRs vs. MDRs from non-variance other sources (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)

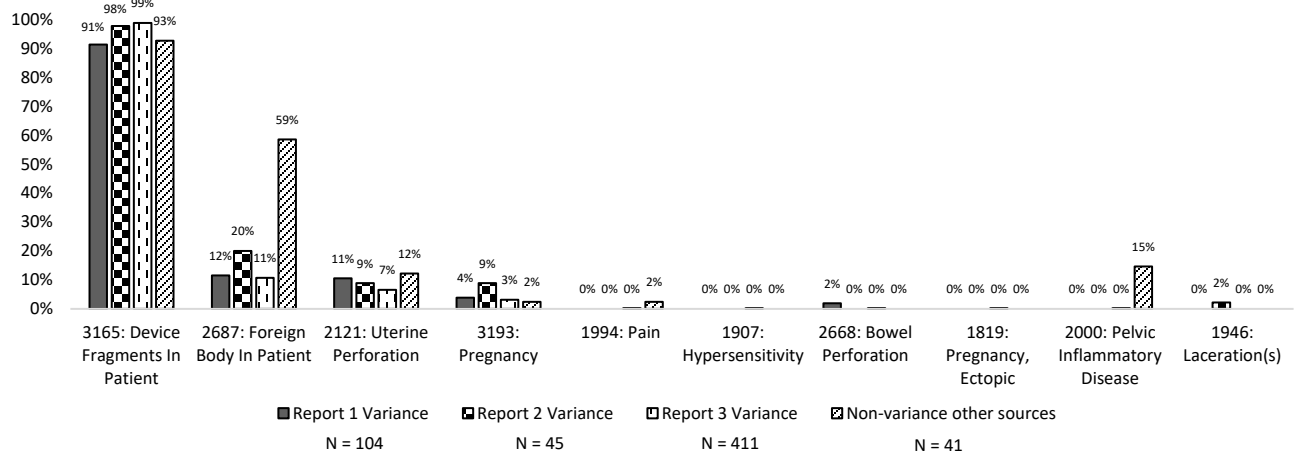


Figure 13. Top 10 patient problem codes for death variance MDRs vs. MDRs from non-variance other sources (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)

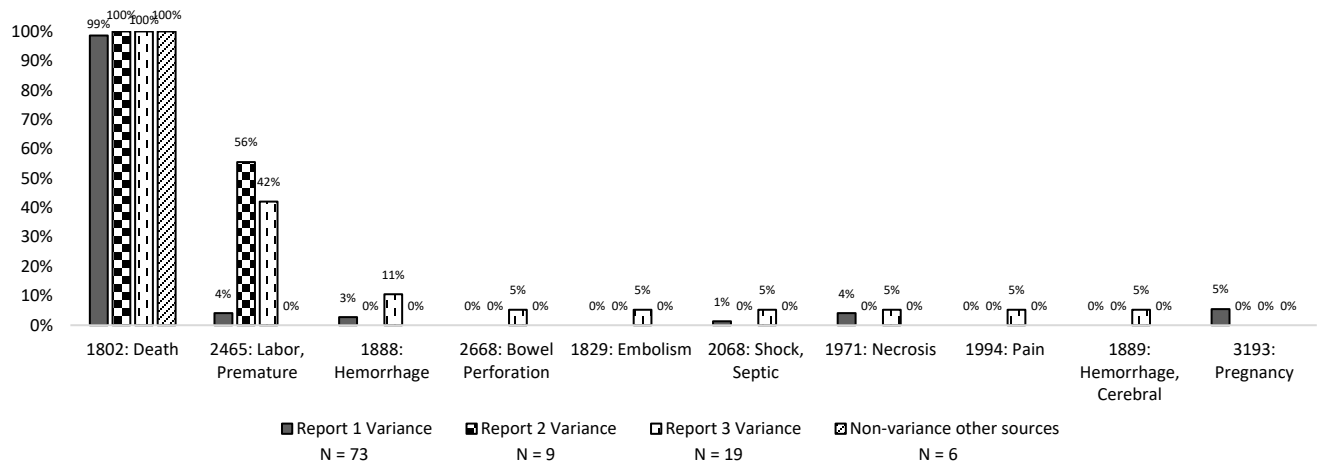
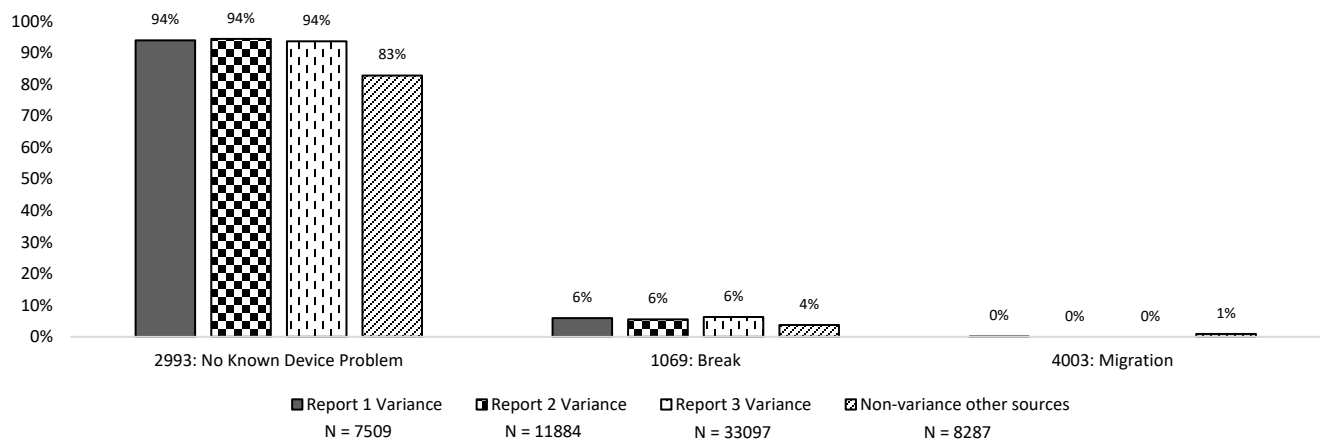


Figure 14. All Device problem codes for variance MDRs vs. MDRs from non-variance other sources¹³ (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)



¹³ For the purposes of comparison, only Device Problem Codes captured within variance reports are displayed.



Review of the comparative graphical displays indicates that the overall distribution of Patient Problem Codes for Report 3 variance is consistent with previous variance quarters and with non-variance other sources.

When delineating the data based on the Type of Reportable Event of Malfunction and Death in Figure 12 and 13, respectively, it appears as though the distribution of Patient Problem Codes does differ between Report 1 Variance, Report 2 Variance, Report 3 Variance, and non-variance other sources. Based on the limited nature of social media information and the relatively small sample sizes for malfunction (Figure 12) and death variance MDRs (Figure 13) compared to all variance MDRs (Figure 10), no trends or conclusions related to safety, quality, or performance can be drawn.

Comparative Analysis of Patient Demographics

Table 9. Table of patient demographics for age and weight for variance MDRs vs. MDRs from non-variance other sources (Jun-2020 to Feb-2021)

Measure	Age (years)		Weight (lbs.)	
	All Variance	Non-variance other sources	All Variance	Non-variance other sources
Sample Size (n)*	11235	1508	41	256
Minimum	18	18	88	90
Median	35	38	161	164
Average	35	38	163	179
Maximum	60	65	238	662

* Excludes child / fetal reports (only ≥ 18y)

The average age in the variance is a slightly lower than reports from non-variance other sources. Considering the variance represents social media posting and the internet use decreases in older populations, this could justify the difference. Information about patient age was available in 21.4% of variance reports and 18.2% non-variance other source reports.

No statistically significant conclusions on weight differences can be drawn as the sample size is extremely small (0.1% in the variance and 3.1% in non-variance other source reports).

Conclusions

The information analyzed within the variance cohort represents a source of passive surveillance information with limitations given the nature of the report data received from legally derived social media sources. Therefore, the incidence or prevalence of these MDR events cannot be determined from this cohort alone. As a result, conclusions cannot be drawn regarding a change in the quality, safety and performance of the Essure product.¹⁴

When comparing the most recent variance quarter to the previous two variance quarters and to non-variance other sources of equal time periods the observed trends assessed remain as expected and do not influence known or observed safety recommendations.

Bayer will continue to process and submit MDR reports for Essure under the conditions of the variance letter.

¹⁴ <https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/essure-permanent-birth-control/problems-reported-essure>