

Donated Chemical Probe PIP4K2A Inhibitor BAY-091

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Target rationale

Working Hypothesis:

PIP4K2A inhibition induces cell death in p53 mutant tumors by hyperactivating AKT*

- p53 mutant cells have increased redox levels
- maintaining high levels of PIP4K2A is critical to prevent overactivation of AKT by PI5P
- PIP4K2A inhibitors are expected to induce ROS dependent apoptosis in p53 mutant tumor cells

Target Validation:

- PIP4K2A silencing significantly inhibits proliferation of p53 mutant cells (but not of p53 WT cells)
- PIP4K2A silencing induces AKT phosphorylation



• PIP4K2A inhibition expected to induce cell death in p53 mutant tumors by hyperactivating AKT

* Emerling et al. Cell 2013; Jude et al. Oncogene 2015; Nogueira et al. Cancer Cell 2008

Literature known compound: THZ-P1-2



- Inhibitor THZ-P1-2 shows PI5P4K enzyme inhibition and target engagement in cells
- THZ-P1-2 covalently targets unannotated cysteines outside the PI5P4K active site
- AML/ALL cell lines are broadly sensitive to THZ-P1-2's covalent effects
- PI5P4K inhibition causes autophagy disruption and upregulates TFEB signaling



Summary of THZ-P1-2 activity on off-targets								
Kinase	Secondary assays							
ABL1	21.3 nM (Invitrogen); >8000 nM on ABL1- positive cell lines; negative by streptavidin pulldown in lysate							
CSNK2A2	1340 nM (Invitrogen)							
кіт	>10000 nM (Invitrogen) 3050 nM (Invitrogen)							
PDGFRB								
RPS6KA4/MSK2	>10000 nM (Invitrogen)							
TYK2	1600 nM (Invitrogen)							
BRK	313 nM (Invitrogen); negative by streptavidin pulldown in lysate							
PIKfyve	40 nM (Carna); ≥10000 nM in vacuolar assay negative by streptavidin pulldown in lysate							

Remarks:

- moderate antiproliferative activity in AML and ALL cells, including THP-1 but not p53 mutant selective
- antiproliferative activity of THZ-P1-2 is in part due to its covalent binding

Sivakumaren et al., Cell Chemical Biology 2020, 27, 1–13

• The availability of complementary inhibitors BAY-091 (non-covalent) and THZ-P1-2 (covalent) will help to better understand PIP4K2 pharmacology



Biochemical activity



Pharmacological in vitro Properties					
PIP4K2A 10µM ATP IC ₅₀	1 nM				
PIP4K2A 250 µM ATP IC ₅₀	3 nM				
PIP4K2A HTRF 10 μ M ATP IC ₅₀	9 nM				
PIP4K2A HTRF 2 mM ATP IC ₅₀	16 nM				



In vitro biochemical assay correlation

X-axis: PIP4K2A ADP Glo 10 µM ATP IC₅₀ [M];

Y-axis: PIP4K2A ADP Glo 250 μM ATP IC_{50} [M] (blue diamonds), PIP4K2A HTRF 10 μM ATP IC_{50} [M]

(red circles), PIP4K2A HTRF 2 mM ATP IC₅₀ [M] (green triangles)

- BAY-091 is a potent PIP4K2A inhibitor at low and high ATP concentrations in two different assay formats (for details see backup).
- All 4 biochemical PIP4K2A assay formats were shown to correlate well



In vitro profile

Pharmacological in vitro Properties					
PIP4K2A 10 μ M ATP IC ₅₀	1 nM				
PIP4K2A 250 μ M ATP IC ₅₀	3 nM				
PIP4K2A HTRF 10 μ M ATP IC ₅₀	9 nM				
PIP4K2A HTRF 2 mM ATP IC $_{50}$	16 nM				

Physicochemical Properties					
MW corr [g*mol]	427				
TPSA [Ų]	99				
LogD @pH 7.5	2.1				
Sw pH 6.5 [mg/L]	> 1000				
Stability, pH	stable				



Safety Properties	
hERG [µM]	> 10

In vitro DMPK Properties											
Caco-2	P _{app} (A-I	B) [nm/s]	P _{app} (B-A)) [nm/s]	efflux ratio						
permeability		0	25	7	-						
			CL [L/	h/kg]	F _{max} [%]						
metabolic stability	liver micro	somes (h /r)	0/2	2.8	100 / 33						
,	hepato	cytes (r)	2.3	3	44						
CYP inhibition IC₅₀ [µM]	1A2	2C8	2C9	2D6	3A4	3A4 preinc.					
	> 20	3.1	16	> 20	> 20	> 20					



Overall BAY-091 shows a good in vitro DMPK & PhysChem profile

Cellular activity



Cellular assays and target Engagement proven by CETSA





- Cellular PIP4K2A target engagement with BAY-091 was proven by CETSA technology (IC₅₀ ~ 1 μ M)
- No effect in cellular mechanistic (pAKT, ROS) or functional assays (p53 mutant proliferation) → Working Hypothesis to be questioned!



X-ray Structure in complex with BAY-091



Key Interactions include

- Single hydrogen bond between naphythridine nitrogen and kinase hinge motif (Val¹⁹⁹)
- Electronic interaction between the terminal naphythridine ring system and the adjacent Phe²⁰⁰ side chain
- The R-configuration provides an optimal exit vector for the carboxylic acid that allows hydrogen-bonding and salt-bridge interactions with Thr²³² and Lys²⁰⁹

• X-ray of a BAY-091 in complex with PIP4K2A available

BAYER E R

BAY-091 was investigated in Eurofins Kinase Panel (373 kinases, 1 µM compound)

Kinese	Inhibition	TrkC(h)	14.82	PI3 Kinase (11.03	LATS1(h)	8.31	PRK1(h)	5.64	VRK2(h)	4.1	LATS2(h)	1.83	TLK1(h)	-0.87	JAK2(h)	-5.62	CaMKIIgam	-16.51
Kinase	[%]	mTOR(h)	14.8	PKA(h)	11	MAP4K3(h)	8.29	STK39(h)	5.6	CDKL1(h)	4.02	Rsk2(h)	1.78	FGFR3(h)	-1	PAK6(h)	-5.79	LTK(h)	-16.81
PIP4K2a(h)	142.02	ICK(h)	14.79	Rsk3(h)	10.89	CDK6/cyclin	8.28	eEF-2K(h)	5.5	SBK1(h)	4.02	Pim-3(h)	1.67	PKBalpha(h)	-1.04	NDR1(h)	-6	EphA4(h)	-16.84
Flt1(h)	56.81	WNK1(h)	14.66	EGFR(h)	10.85	TLK2(h)	8.27	NEK7(h)	5.49	IKKalpha(h)	3.94	GRK1(h)	1.52	JNK2alpha2(-1.41	Rsk1(h)	-6.03	Eyn(h)	-17.31
KDR(h)	50.07	PI3 Kinase (14.4	Pyk2(h)	10.72	GRK3(h)	8.23	STK32C(h)	5.49	ErbB4(h)	3.85	PIP5K1g(h)	1.51	CDK2/cyclin	-1.5	ALK1(h)	-6.17	MKK6(h)	-18.97
c-RAF(h)	35.96	CaMKIgamr	14.37	CDK18/cycli	10.59	PKG1beta(h)	8.22	GSK3alpha(l	5.47	BrSK2(h)	3.83	MSK1(h)	1.48	PKCbetaII(h	-1.59	Rsk4(h)	-6.19	PKCdelta(h)	-20.86
NEK4(h)	32.07	TSSK1(h)	14.25	ACK1(h)	10.5	CDKL3(h)	8.18	MRCKgamn	5.46	PKCeta(h)	3.77	PAK5(h)	1.42	WNK3(h)	-1.89	Hck(h) activa	-6.21	CaMKIIdelta	-21.46
PI3 Kinase (30.93	Haspin(h)	14.18	Syk(h)	10.42	CK1gamma1	8.17	ULK2(h)	5.46	CLK1(h)	3.74	EphB2(h)	1.4	AMPKalpha	-1.91	HRI(h)	-6.26	Aurora-B(h)	-23.74
SRMS(h)	26.31	ULK1(h)	14.16	NUAK2(h)	10.39	LOK(h)	8.13	MOK(h)	5.44	Bmx(h)	3.69	mTOR FKB	1.38	TSSK2(h)	-1.97	SGK(h)	-6.56	MLK1(h)	-23.82
PI3KC2g(h)	25.37	PKR(h)	13.92	CDK12/cycli	10.3	BRK(h)	8.07	CHK2(h)	5.38	SIK2(h)	3.68	PAK4(h)	1.36	DCAMKL2(-2.01	EphA8(h)	-6.72	Blk(h)	-26.86
PAK2(h)	24.95	Aurora-A(h)	13.76	TAO2(h)	10.27	TAK1(h)	7.89	DCAMKL3(5.32	HIPK1(h)	3.6	TYK2(h)	1.22	TTBK1(h)	-2.05	DAPK2(h)	-6.79	CK1gamma3	-28.46
NEK1(h)	24.39	SIK(h)	13.36	SNRK(h)	10.26	MYLK2(h)	7.84	MAPKAP-K	5.32	Cdc7/cyclinB	3.59	ACTR2(h)	1.17	SAPK2b(h)	-2.08	P1k3(h)	-7.76	RIPK2(h)	-29.87
TSSK4(h)	23.97	MAP4K5(h)	13.35	IKKepsilon(1	10.23	Arg(h)	7.75	TrkA(h)	5.32	PKBbeta(h)	3.52	TTBK2(h)	1.17	PKCzeta(h)	-2.41	CaMKIbeta(-7.99	Rse(h)	-32.02
PAK1(h)	23.77	FAK(h)	13.32	Mer(h)	10.21	MAPK2(h)	7.74	WEE1(h)	5.28	SRPK1(h)	3.4	CDK13/cycli	1.16	Pim-1(h)	-2.53	SRPK2(h)	-8.51	ALK(h)	-33.12
PRAK(h)	23.56	DCAMKL1(12.96	PIP5K1a(h)	10	DYRK3(h)	7.66	Fer(h)	5.23	Mnk2(h)	3.39	MST3(h)	1.03	ROCK-I(h)	-2.77	PDK1(h)	-8.72	HPK1(h)	-34.19
B-Raf(h)	23.47	Flt4(h)	12.93	PKBgamma(9.92	cSRC(h)	7.51	BIKe(h)	5.17	CK2alpha1(h	3.34	ZIPK(h)	0.91	Txk(h)	-2.9	P1k4(h)	-8.83	<u> </u>	
cKit(h)	22.32	LRRK2(h)	12.9	PDHK4(h)	9.88	Snk(h)	7.48	ALK2(h)	5.14	WNK2(h)	3.31	CDK16/cycli	0.85	IR(h)	-2.92	PhKgamma1	-9.06		
MEK1(h)	21.54	BTK(h)	12.82	DRAK1(h)	9.65	AAK1(h)	7.44	SIK3(h)	5.14	PEK(h)	3.26	GCK (h)	0.85	GCN2(h)	-3.21	TTK(h)	-9.1		
RIPK1(h)	21.25	MEKK2(h)	12.82	Wee1B(h)	9.64	CaMKI(h)	7.33	MuSK(h)	5.1	CK1alpha(h)	3.17	Ron(h)	0.76	DAPK1(h)	-3.29	MEK2(h)	-9.56		
MLK3(h)	21.13	MKK3(h)	12.82	FGFR2(h)	9.63	CaMKIV(h)	7.26	Fgr(h)	5.05	MINK(h)	3.07	TRB2(h)	0.49	IRAK1(h)	-3.31	ASK1(h)	-9.98		
MST1(h)	20.61	Tie2(h)	12.81	MLK4(h)	9.6	CDK2/cyclin	7.13	MAPKAP-K	5.05	VRK1(h)	3.04	Hck(h)	0.45	GRK5(h)	-3.49	IGF-1R(h)	-10.09		
SLK(h)	19.74	PRKG2(h)	12.72	CLIK1(h)	9.55	NEK11(h)	7.12	CaMKK1(h)	5.03	LIMK2(h)	3.03	PI3 Kinase (0.43	TAF1L(h)	-3.49	PKCtheta(h)	-10.11		
CDKL2(h)	19.42	PKCmu(h)	12.7	STK16(h)	9.54	DRAK2(h)	7.08	PRK2(h)	5.02	STK25(h)	3.01	ULK3(h)	0.33	Ret(h)	-3.56	EphB1(h)	-10.48		
TGFBR2(h)	19.28	PKD3(h)	12.64	IR(h), activat	9.43	CSK(h)	6.94	EphA3(h)	4.71	ZAP-70(h)	2.99	ATM(h)	0.32	MEKK3(h)	-3.58	CRIK(h)	-10.67		
DYRK2(h)	19.11	Axl(h)	12.63	PDGFRalpha	9.33	PKG1alpha(l	6.77	CaMKIdelta	4.68	IKKbeta(h)	2.85	CDK7/cyclin	0.3	SAPK4(h)	-3.58	DNA-PK(h)	-10.68		
PRP4(h)	18.88	CDKL4(h)	12.6	PDGFRbeta(9.33	PAR-1Balph	6.75	CK2(h)	4.66	CLK3(h)	2.84	HIPK2(h)	0.19	Lck(h) activa	-3.67	Ros(h)	-11.32		
CLK4(h)	18.82	Lyn(h)	12.49	NEK6(h)	9.31	PKACbeta(h	6.73	Aurora-C(h)	4.64	STK33(h)	2.82	GRK6(h)	0.16	ALK4(h)	-3.68	ALK6(h)	-11.34		
MYO3B(h)	18.15	PDHK2(h)	12.45	MAK(h)	9.23	CDK5/p25(h	6.65	Tec(h) activa	4.62	SAPK2a(h)	2.76	CDK17/cycli	0.09	Yes(h)	-3.76	SGK2(h)	-11.48		
CDK14/cycl	18.05	CK1gamma2	12.38	EphA1(h)	9.2	NEK9(h)	6.61	CHK1(h)	4.56	GRK7(h)	2.75	ChaK1(h)	0.08	OSR1(h)	-3.86	MELK(h)	-11.67		
MLK2(h)	18.01	Abl(h)	12.1	ltk(h)	9.18	FGFR1(h)	6.44	ARK5(h)	4.55	IRE1(h)	2.72	MST2(h)	0.08	MSK2(h)	-3.96	Fes(h)	-11.86		
PKCbetaI(h)	16.52	DYRK1B(h)	12.05	CK1delta(h)	9.07	MAPK1(h)	6.43	MSSK1(h)	4.51	PrKX(h)	2.66	CLK2(h)	0.07	PKCepsilon(-4.26	Flt3(h)	-12.01		
DDR2(h)	16.27	IGF-1R(h), a	12.02	TSSK3(h)	8.88	Pim-2(h)	6.42	BMPR2(h)	4.45	MARK1(h)	2.52	CDK5/p35(h	-0.03	CK2alpha2(h	-4.36	JNK3(h)	-12.1		
PKCalpha(h)	16.24	NIM1(h)	12.01	CK1epsilon(1	8.85	IRR(h)	6.25	PKD2(h)	4.37	A-Raf(h)	2.41	GSK3beta(h)	-0.05	BrSK1(h)	-4.39	MAP4K4(h)	-12.23		
ATR/ATRIP	16.22	CDK9/cyclin	11.83	CDK1/cyclm	8.82	IRAK4(h)	6.22	HIPK3(h)	4.32	CDK3/cyclin	2.41	PhKgamma2	-0.34	MARK3(h)	-4.67	SAPK3(h)	-12.55		
STK32A(h)	15.99	EphB4(h)	11.81	CaMKIIbeta	8.65	SGK3(h)	6.09	p70S6K(h)	4.3	Met(h)	2.36	PKCgamma(-0.39	ZAK(h)	-4.94	CaMKIIalph	-13.29		
NEK2(h)	15.9	DDR1(h)	11.7	LIMK1(h)	8.64	NDR2(h)	5.88	Plk1(h)	4.29	TAO3(h)	2.25	JAK1(h)	-0.44	MRCKalpha	-4.99	JAK3(h)	-14.21		
EphA5(h)	15.8	CDK4/cyclin	11.31	NLK (h)	8.59	PKCiota(h)	5.85	JNK lalpha1(4.24	EphA7(h)	2.1	EphA2(h)	-0.55	Fms(h)	-5.04	PTK5(h)	-14.53		
HIPK4(h)	15.73	CaMKK2(h)	11.28	ErbB2(h)	8.53	MARK4(h)	5.8	DYRK1A(h)	4.22	TrkB(h)	2.08	ROCK-II(h)	-0.6	MLCK(h)	-5.27	TNIK(h)	-14.85		
DMPK(h)	15.1	PASK(h)	11.07	1BK1(h)	8.44	LKB1(h)	5.7	PI3KC2a(h)	4.18	TAO1(h)	1.92	Lck(h)	-0.68	AMPKalpha	-5.39	FGFR4(h)	-15.75		
STK32B(h)	14.91	WNK4(h)	11.06	NEK3(h)	8.41	MST4(h)	5.69	PAK3(h)	4.13	GRK2(h)	1.9	TGFBR1(h)	-0.85	EphB3(h)	-5.61	MRCKbeta(l	-15.79		

• BAY-091 does not inhibit any off-target kinases > 60% @ 1 μM compound concentration



In vitro technical profile of Negative Control BAY-0361

*For accurancy, the probe candidate BAY-091 was also tested at Eurofins: $\rm IC_{50}$ (BAY-91): 21 nM

			POTENC	Y (IC ₅₀ [n	M])		Properties & Physchem			
°→→ OH		PIP4K2A	IC ₅₀ eurofi	ns	371 nM* (18 fold)	LogD @ pH 7.5	2.0			
NH							fu [%] Williams_E / rat / Mouse	-		
	F						Sw @ pH 6.5 [mg/L]	tbd		
							MW / TPSA [g*mol / Ų]	440 / 99		
	BAY-	0361					Stability (r /h plasma, 4h) [%]	-		
in vitro DMPK Pro	perties						Selectivity			
Caco2	P _{app} (A-B) [nm/s]		P _{app} (B-A)	P _{app} (B-A) [nm/s]		efflux ratio				
Permeability	tbd						In-house kinase panel (#)	tbd		
					CL [L/h	/kg]		F _{max} [%]		
metabolic	Human liver mics		tbd				Eurofine oofsty namel			
stability	rat hepatocytes						Euronins safety panel	Not available		
	human hepa	tocytes								
CYP inhibition	1A2	2C8	2C9	2D6	3A4	3A4 preinc.	SAFETY			
ΙC ₅₀ [μΜ]	-	-	-	-	-		Cytotox	Not available		
PXR			-				hERG IC ₅₀ [μM]	Not available		

• BAY-0361 was suggested as negative control



Summary / Conclusion

Probe criteria	
Inhibitor/agonist potency: goal is < 50 nM (IC ₅₀ , Kd)	BAY-091 meets criteria
Selectivity within target family: goal is > 30-fold	Surpasses criteria BAY-091 was investigated in Eurofins Kinase Panel: No off-target kinase inhibition > 60% at 1 μM compound concentration.
Selectivity outside target family: describe the off-targets (which may include both binding and functional data)	BAY-091 was investigated in Bayer-Eurofins Safety Panel. For results please see backup slide
On target cell activity for cell-based targets: goal is < 1 μM IC_{50}/EC_{50}	Surpasses criteria Cellular target engagement demonstrated by CETSA technology: IC_{50} (intact cells) ~ 1 μ M.
Suitability as in vivo chemical probe	No
Neg ctrl: in vitro potency $- > 100$ times less; Cell activity $- > 100$ times less potent than the probe	BAY-0361 (18 fold less active)



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Thank You





Selectivity versus PIP4K2B and PIP4K2C





- Key PIP4K2A residues interacting with BAY-091 are conserved in PIP4K2B. Other residues differences are conservative changes that are not expected to sterically disrupt BAY-019 binding
- PIP4K2A gatekeeper threonine residue is replaced by a methionine in the PIP4K2C isoform.
- BAY-091 may have reduced activity against the PIP4K2C isoform



Selectivity Profile in more detail: safety screen (Eurofins, #77 targets)

Cat #	Assay Name	Batch*	Spec.	Rep.	Conc.	% Inh.	Cat #	Assay Name	Batch*	Spec.	Rep.	Conc.	% Inh
Compo	ound: CHH004-2020, PT #: 1234752						219500	Dopamine D1	449770	hum	2	10 µM	15
107000	Aldose Reductase	449834	rat	2	10 µM	20	219600	Dopamine D _{2L}	449693	hum	2	10 µM	8
107710	ATPase, Na ⁺ /K ⁺ , Heart, Pig	449916	pig	2	10 µM	-22	219700	Dopamine D _{2S}	449695	hum	2	10 µM	10
112020	Carbonic Anhydrase II	449666	hum	2	10 µM	-6	219800	Dopamine D ₃	449694	hum	2	10 µM	27
104010	Cholinesterase, Acetyl, ACES	449747	hum	2	10 µM	27	224010	Endothelin ET _A	449763	hum	2	10 µM	-11
116030	Cyclooxygenase COX-1	449646	hum	2	10 µM	19	224110	Endothelin ET _B	449880	hum	2	10 µM	1
118030	Cyclooxygenase COX-2	449647	hum	2	10 µM	29	226010	Estrogen ERa	449769	hum	2	10 µM	10
124010	HMG-CoA Reductase	449836	hum	2	10 µM	-7	226810	GABAA, Chloride Channel, TBOB	449780	rat	2	10 µM	12
132000	Leukotriene LTC ₄ Synthase	449838	gp	2	10 µM	-7	226600	GABAA, Flunitrazepam, Central	449764	rat	2	10 µM	3
199017	Lipoxygenase 15-LO	449987	hum	2	10 µM	20	228510	GABAB, Non-Selective	449712	rat	2	10 µM	5
140010	Monoamine Oxidase MAO-A	449648	hum	2	10 µM	7	232030	Glucocorticoid	449659	hum	2	10 µM	32
140120	Monoamine Oxidase MAO-B	449649	hum	2	10 µM	81	232600	Glutamate, AMPA	449720	rat	2	10 µM	-4
142000	Nitric Oxide Synthase, Neuronal (nNOS)	449840	rat	2	10 μM	13	232710	Glutamate, Kainate	449699	rat	2	10 µM	-2
199010	Nitric Oxide Synthetase, Inducible (iNOS)	449841	mouse	2	10 µM	-12	232810	Glutamate, NMDA, Agonism	449697	rat	2	10 µM	-3
107300	Peptidase, Angiotensin Converting Enzyme	449664	rabbit	2	10 µM	0	232910	Glutamate, NMDA, Glycine	449768	rat	2	10 µM	-1
152000	Phosphodiesterase PDE3	449848	hum	2	10 µM	74	239300	Growth Hormone Secretagogue (GHS, Ghrelin)	449787	hum	2	10 µM	6
154420	Phosphodiesterase PDE4D2	449650	hum	2	10 µM	38	239610	Histamine H1	449767	hum	2	10 µM	27
156000	Phosphodiesterase PDE5	449849	hum	2	10 µM	62	239710	Histamine H ₂	449702	hum	2	10 µM	-26
194020	Thromboxane Synthase	449842	hum	2	10 µM	98	239820	Histamine H ₃	449877	hum	2	10 µM	3
200510	Adenosine A1	449707	hum	2	10 µM	13	243000	Insulin	449792	rat	2	10 µM	-1
200610	Adenosine A _{2A}	449708	hum	2	10 µM	7	252200	Motilin	449823	hum	2	10 µM	-2
200720	Adenosine A ₃	449787	hum	2	10 µM	21	252610	Muscarinic M1	449721	hum	2	10 µM	13
203110	Adrenergic a1A	449651	hum	2	10 µM	-4	252710	Muscarinic M ₂	449722	hum	2	10 µM	8
203630	Adrenergic a2A	449652	hum	2	10 µM	-15	252810	Muscarinic M ₃	449722	hum	2	10 µM	0
203710	Adrenergic a2B	449653	hum	2	10 µM	-2	252910	Muscarinic M ₄	449721	hum	2	10 µM	6
203810	Adrenergic a2c	449691	hum	2	10 µM	4	258730	Nicotinic Acetylcholine a3β4	449781	hum	2	10 µM	-8
204010	Adrenergic B1	449702	hum	2	10 µM	2	260130	Opiate õ1 (OP1, DOP)	449723	hum	2	10 µM	25
204110	Adrenergic B2	449761	hum	2	10 µM	-12	260210	Opiate κ (OP2, KOP)	449724	hum	2	10 µM	-2
204200	Adrenergic B3	449875	hum	2	10 µM	16	260410	Opiate µ (OP3, MOP)	449725	hum	2	10 µM	13
206000	Androgen (Testosterone)	449771	hum	2	10 µM	14	299005	Progesterone PR-B	449766	hum	2	10 µM	29
210030	Angiotensin AT1	449654	hum	2	10 µM	22	299036	Purinergic P2X	449925	rat	2	10 µM	-30
210120	Angiotensin AT ₂	449655	hum	2	10 µM	11	268820	Purinergic P2Y, Non-Selective	449883	rat	2	10 µM	31
212520	Bradykinin B1	449852	hum	2	10 µM	0	271110	Serotonin (5-Hydroxytryptamine) 5-HT _{1A}	449728	hum	2	10 µM	27
212620	Bradykinin B ₂	449762	hum	2	10 µM	1	271650	Serotonin (5-Hydroxytryptamine) 5-HT _{2A}	449704	hum	2	10 µM	19
217050	Cannabinoid CB1	449714	hum	2	10 µM	-11	271700	Serotonin (5-Hydroxytryptamine) 5-HT ₂₈	449815	hum	2	10 µM	98
217100	Cannabinoid CB2	449716	hum	2	10 µM	1	271800	Serotonin (5-Hydroxytryptamine) 5-HT ₂ c	449759	hum	2	10 µM	29

Cat #	Assay Name	Batch*	Spec.	Rep.	Conc.	% Inh.
202020	Transporter, Adenosine	449765	hum	2	10 µM	42
220320	Transporter, Dopamine (DAT)	449782	hum	2	10 µM	-12
226400	Transporter, GABA	449786	rat	2	10 µM	1
204410	Transporter, Norepinephrine (NET)	449790	hum	2	10 µM	25
274030	Transporter, Serotonin (5- Hydroxytryptamine) (SERT)	449729	hum	2	10 µM	10
287530	Vasopressin V1A	449874	hum	2	10 µM	-3

Significant inhibition at 10 µM compound concentration for the following targets:

Cat #	Assay Name	Species	Conc. % Inh.
140120	Monoamine Oxidase MAO-B	hum	10 µM 81
152000	Phosphodiesterase PDE3	hum	10 µM 74
156000	Phosphodiesterase PDE5	hum	10 µM 62
194020	Thromboxane Synthase	hum	10 µM 98
271700	Serotonin (5-Hydroxytryptamine) 5-HT _{2B}	hum	10 µM 98

• BAY-091 shows good selectivity beyond kinases. Significant inhibition @ 10 µM: MAO-B, PDE3, PDE5, 5-HT2B, Thromboxane Synthase



Biochemical Assay Formats



Assay 2: Quantification of reaction product PI(4,5)P2 (HTRF)



330nm

Energy Transfer





